

# High Performance Computing at NIU

## METIS compute cluster

|               |                |             |
|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| 48p 10 GbE    | 48p 1GbE       |             |
|               | 48p 1GbE       | GigE (Mgmt) |
|               |                | GigE (Mgmt) |
|               |                | BLANK       |
|               |                | BLANK       |
|               |                | BLANK       |
| VM Node       | Storage Node   | SMU         |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | MMU         |
| Pre/Post Node | Service Node   | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| Login Node    | Large Mem Node | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | Large Mem Node | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | HDR Switch     | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ |                | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | BLANK       |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  | BLANK       |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | SSU         |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  |             |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       |             |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  |             |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       | SSU         |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  |             |
| GPU Node      | GPU Node       |             |
| DL 385 Gen10+ | DL 385 Gen10+  |             |



CRCD Compute Cluster front view.



NORTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY

Division of Research and  
Innovation Partnerships

## Center for Research Computing and Data

🏠 About ▾ Prospective Users ▾ Current Users ▾ CRCDD at Work ▾

[Center for Research Computing Data](#) / [About](#) / [Leadership](#)

### About

→ **Leadership**

→ At A Glance

→ Documents

→ Collaborations

**Prospective user?**

[Request an account.](#)

## Leadership

### Research Computing Team

**CRCDD Helpdesk**

[Contact our Helpdesk](#)

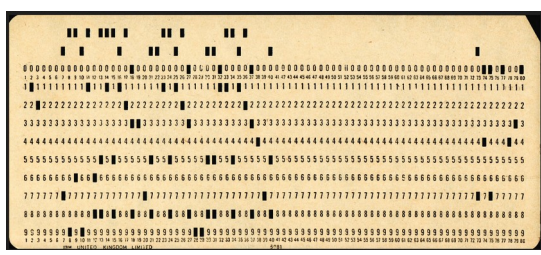
| Name                              | Title                                                                         | Email                                                          |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bela Erdelyi                      | Professor of Physics,<br>CRCDD Director                                       | <a href="mailto:berdelyi@niu.edu">berdelyi@niu.edu</a>         |
| <a href="#">Sergey A. Uzunyan</a> | Senior Research<br>Scientist, CRCDD Director<br>of Science and<br>Engineering | <a href="mailto:suzunyan@niu.edu">suzunyan@niu.edu</a>         |
| Eric Biletzky                     | RIPS IT Manager, CRCDD<br>Associate                                           | <a href="mailto:crcdhelpdesk@niu.edu">crcdhelpdesk@niu.edu</a> |
| Andrew Johnson                    | Senior IT Director                                                            | <a href="mailto:crcdhelpdesk@niu.edu">crcdhelpdesk@niu.edu</a> |

Small team, efficient HPC management!



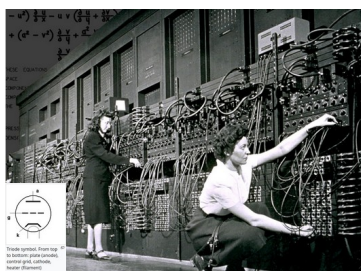
# An extra brief history of computers

Binary data format  
120 bytes below



Punch records, year of 1725+

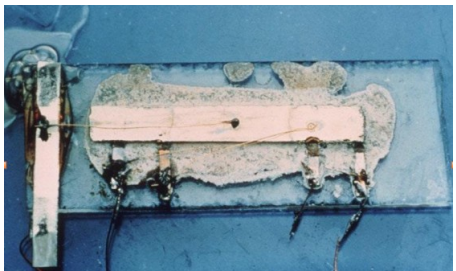
Electronic data processing



Vacuum tubes logic (~1940-1960)  
ENIAC- 1946, ~17000 tubes

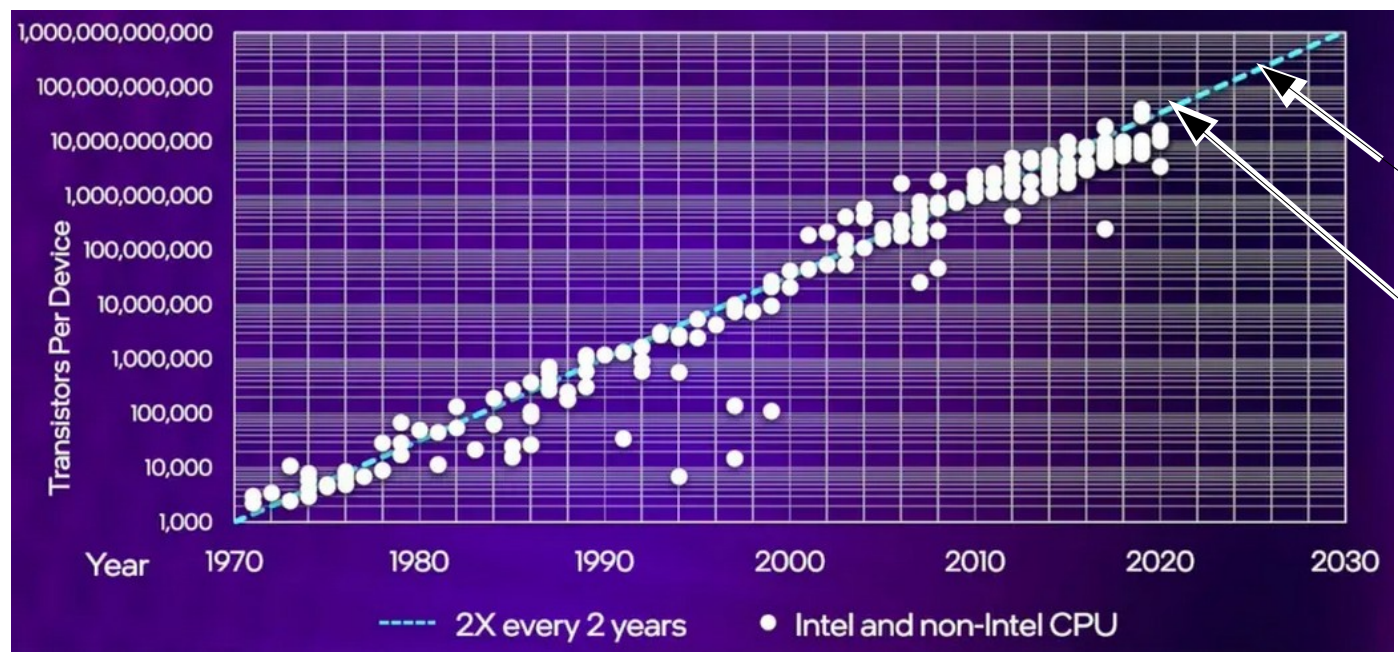


First transistor, 1947



First IC, 3 transistors, 1958

(Gordon) Moore's (Intel co-founder) law: number of transistors in a device will double each 2 years



Today:  
184 billion transistors,  
in Apple's ARM-based  
dual-die M3 Ultra SoC  
3nm technology

NIU HPC chips: ~50  
billions transistors  
(A100 GPU)  
~32 billions (AMD  
EPYC CPUs), 7nm

Scale:  
~0.15 nm – silicon  
atom size

A lot of compute power for HPC menu

# The origin of modern HPC

HPC cluster @ 1994 == Beowulf cluster: a number of computers (nodes) assembled to run as a single system

## HPC cluster today:

- An assembly of compute nodes **designed** to run as single system
- A powerful compute nodes (desktops in a rack friendly form-factor)
- +
- Fast interconnect (200 GBit/s)
- +
- Large (1 PB+) parallel shared disk system



Becker, Donald J; Sterling, Thomas; Savarese, Daniel; Dorband, John E; Ranawak Udaya A; Packer, Charles V (1995). "BEOWULF: A parallel workstation for scientific computation"

Proceedings, International Conference on Parallel Processing. 95.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

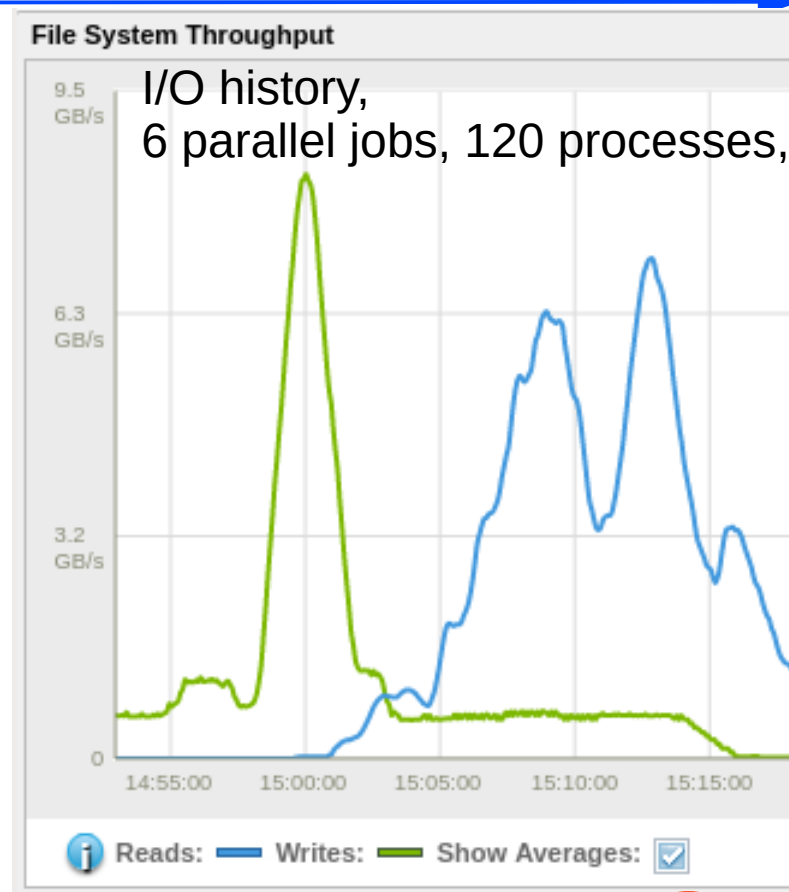




# HPC applications

## When to use HPC systems at NIU?

- a personal system (laptop or desktop) is “too slow”
- an application benefits from parallelization
- an application needs to be run multiple times
- an application needs extra memory
- an application needs a powerful GPU
- an application requires Linux OS to run (and a different OS is needed on a personal system)
- fast access to large input data
- the results have to be easy accessible
- convenience: access to shared software libraries and CRCD team support



## Minimal requirements

- **read the CRCD documentation**
- **beginners knowledge of Linux**

Efficiency of shared HPC system depends on users accuracy

| Job    | User      | Account  | Class | Remaining time | Used % | Nodes | Average load |
|--------|-----------|----------|-------|----------------|--------|-------|--------------|
| 344368 | z1862058  | wheeler1 | extra | 1:23:09:15     | 90.6%  | 12    | 12.47        |
| 344369 | z1862058  | wheeler1 | extra | 1:23:10:09     | 90.6%  | 12    | 12.51        |
| 344750 | z1962831  | moisture | extra | 10:48:29       | 94.6%  | 1     | 10.38        |
| 344800 | z1962831  | moisture | extra | 2:00:28:45     | 71.5%  | 1     | 11.23        |
| 344801 | z1962831  | moisture | extra | 3:06:40:44     | 60.7%  | 1     | 11.04        |
| 344815 | z1962831  | moisture | extra | 5:10:20:00     | 34.8%  | 1     | 10.44        |
| 344816 | z1962831  | moisture | extra | 5:10:20:13     | 34.8%  | 1     | 10.83        |
| 344833 | kpittman3 | climlab  | extra | 1:23:26:59     | 47.3%  | 10    | 12.48        |

Jobs: running=8 | all=8  
Nodes: used=39 | free=19 | down=2 | all=60

# Why we use Linux?

## Administrators

- Stability
- Security
- Access to OpenSource
- Built for development
- Customizable
- Supported by the hardware vendors
- Easy to administer

## Users

- Community support
- A lot of free distributions
- Can run on older hardware
- Easy to install
- Tons of applications
- A decent skill in resume  
(if you plan to work in Fortune 500 list)
- Fun to use

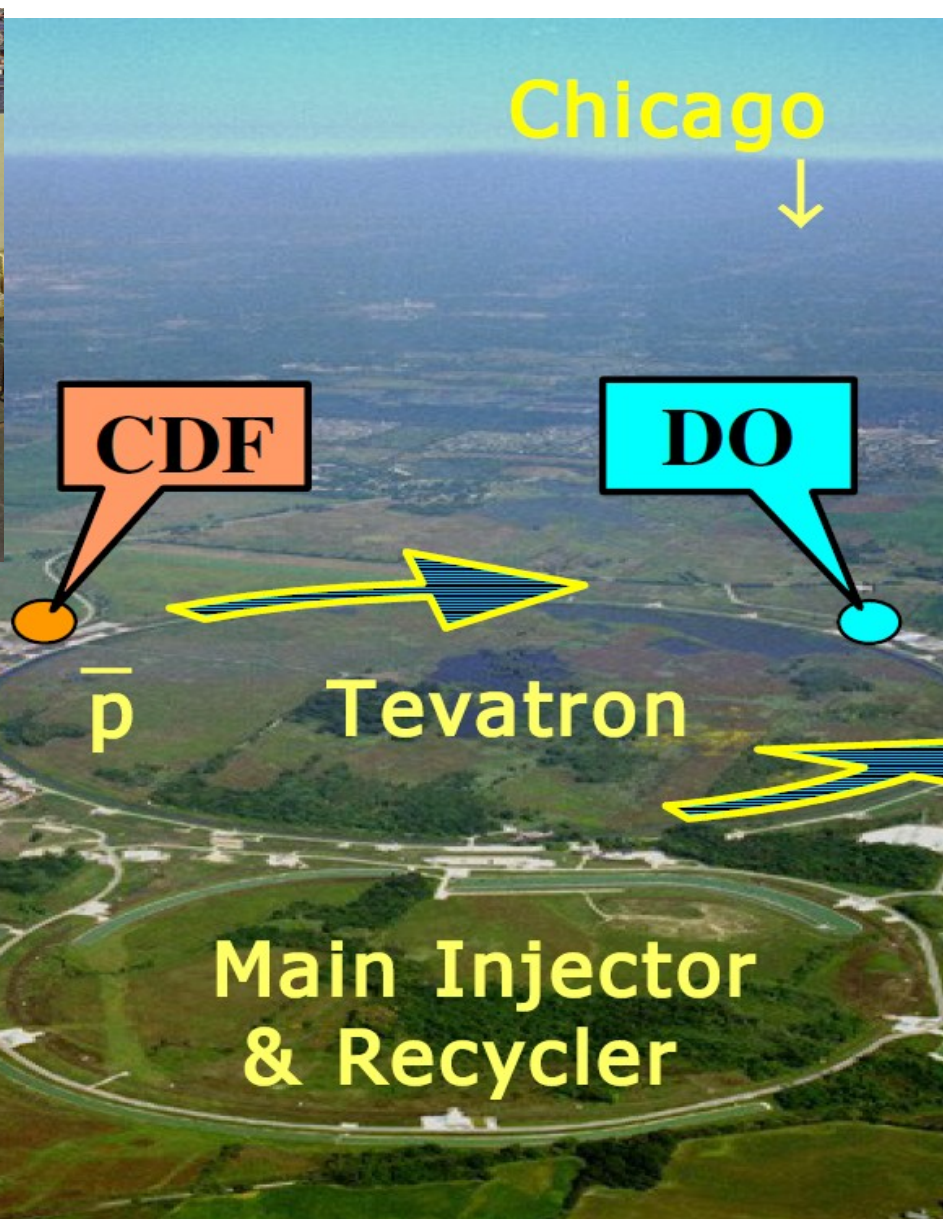
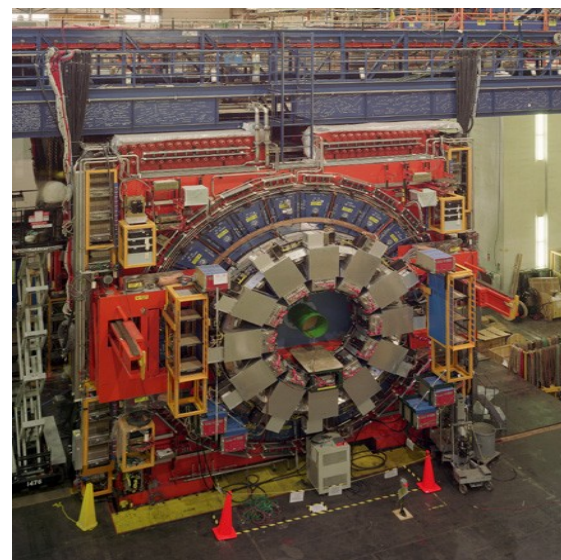
Recommended desktop Operating systems to work with NIU HPC



+More than 600 supported Linux distributions



# The HPC start at NIU -D0 experiment RunII (2000 - 2013)



Large experiments (650+ scientists, 90 institutions, 18 countries in D0 alone), a lot of data to work with == need of powerful computers



# The HPC start at NIU - first compute clusters

Year 2000 – 2 NIU Phys. Dep. Servers - [niuhep.niu.edu](http://niuhep.niu.edu) and [nicadd.niu.edu](http://nicadd.niu.edu)

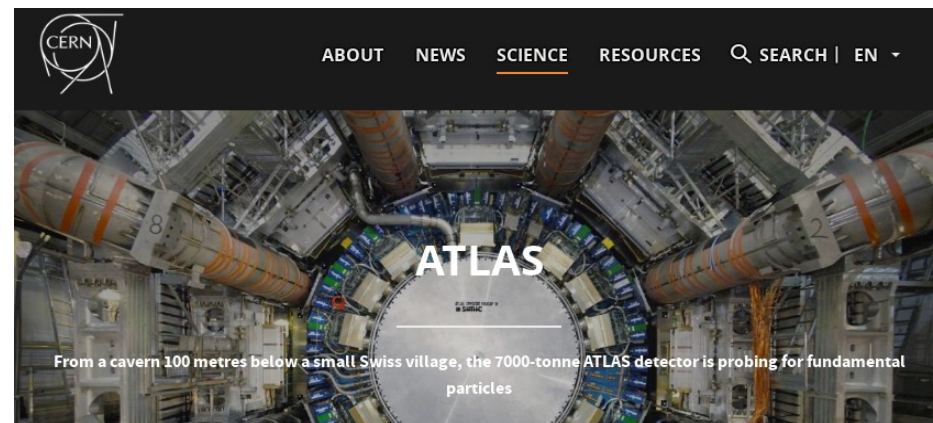
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

## The DØ Experiment

For the Public DØ Results DØ Collaboration DØ at Work

The DØ Experiment consists of a worldwide collaboration of scientists conducting research on the fundamental nature of matter. The experiment is located at the world's premier high-energy physics laboratory the Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory (Fermilab) in Batavia, Illinois, USA. The research is focused on precise studies of interactions of protons and antiprotons at the highest available energies provided by the Tevatron collider. It involves an intense search for subatomic clues that reveal the character of the building blocks of the universe. The DØ experiment finished data collection in 2011 when the Tevatron collider run ended and now is analyzing the collected data set.

Note: Some of the pages on this site are legacy pages and are no longer updated.



**ClueD0 desktop cluster**  
~400 desktops in 2004  
**D0 NICADD group**

### ClueD0 design

- Current copy of D0 software.
- Access to cluster-wide batch queues.
- Security patches and updates for your machines
- Local root access available on your machines  
Sys-admins available during the day to fix "supported" features
- Home directory backup every night...
- Centralized account management.

**BEAM NICADD group**

### NICADD HPC

~20 nodes

700 processor slots (1.8-2.6 GHz)  
cluster under

the HT CONDOR batch system  
running Scientific Linux OS

+  
**desktops and data servers**

**ATLAS Tier T3 clusters**  
ATLAS collaborators  
**ATLAS NICADD group**

### Tier 3g design/Philosophy

- Design a system to be flexible and simple to setup (1 person < 1 week)
- Simple to operate - < 0.25 FTE to maintain
- Scalable with Data volumes
- Fast - Process 1 TB of data over night
- Relatively inexpensive
  - Run only the needed services/process
  - Devote most resources to CPU's and Disk
- Using common tools will make it easier for all of us
  - Easier to develop a self supporting community.

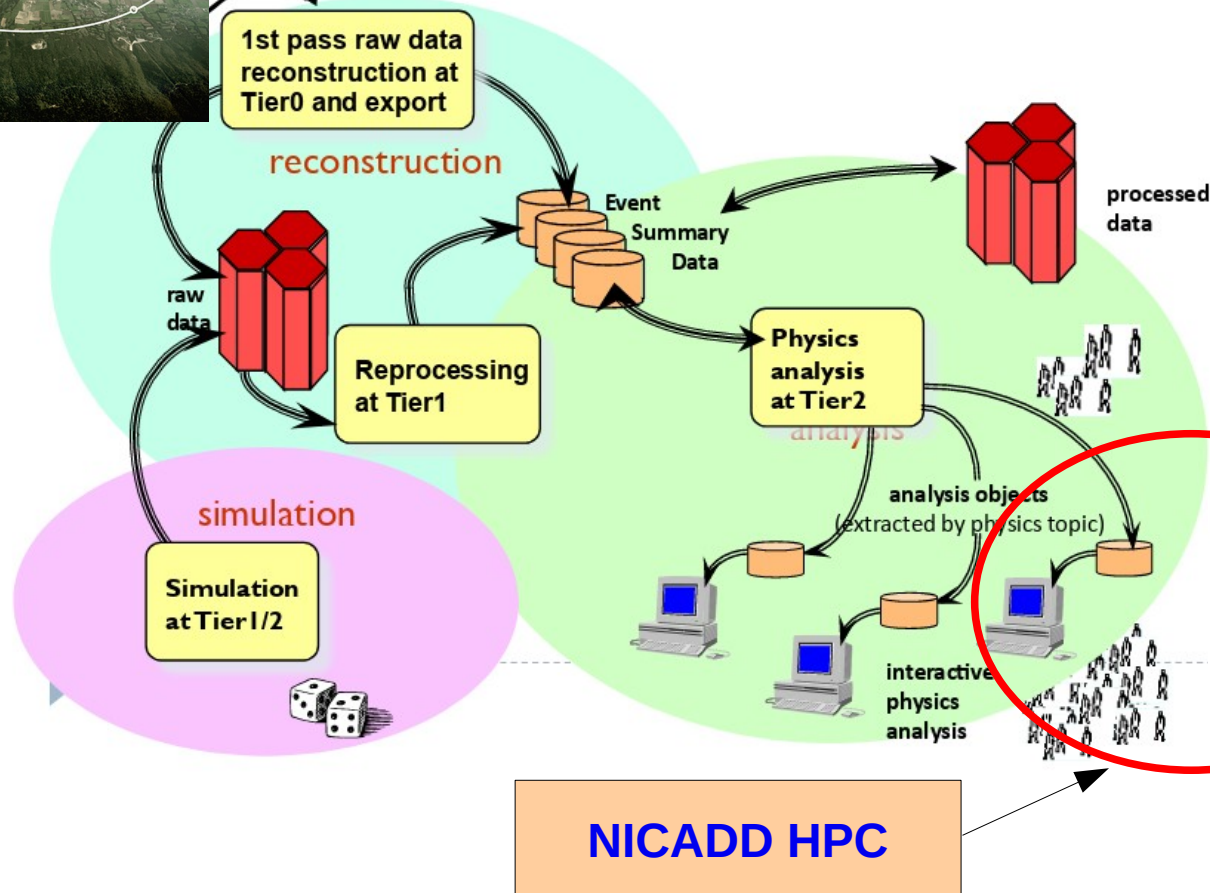
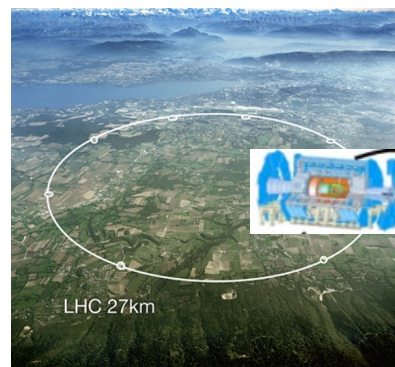


# ATLAS T3 project

Doug Benjamin, Duke University - T3 model at time of creation

## Simplified View - Atlas Computing Model

- 4 main computing operations according to the Computing Model:
- Initial processing of Raw data at CERN Tier0 - data export to Tier-1's/Tier-2's
  - Data re-processing at Tier-1's using updated calibration constants
  - Simulation of Monte Carlo samples at Tier-1's and Tier-2's
  - (Distributed) physics analysis at Tier-2's and at more local facilities (Tier-3's)



Fresno State Tier 3  
CERN / Atlas Cluster  
Hardware Overview

Cisco 6500 Series

Dell PowerConnect 6248

Dell MD1200

Dell MD1200

Dell R510 - NFS

Dell MD1200

KVM

Dell R510 - Work

Dell R510 - Work

Dell R710 - Head/Int

Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

NICADD HPC

Collaboration with Fresno University Atlas Team, 2011-2013



Fresno State Tier 3  
CERN / Atlas Cluster  
Hardware Overview

Cisco 6500 Series

Dell PowerConnect 6248

Dell MD1200

Dell MD1200

Dell R510 - NFS

Dell MD1200

KVM

Dell R510 - Work

Dell R510 - Work

Dell R710 - Head/Int

Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

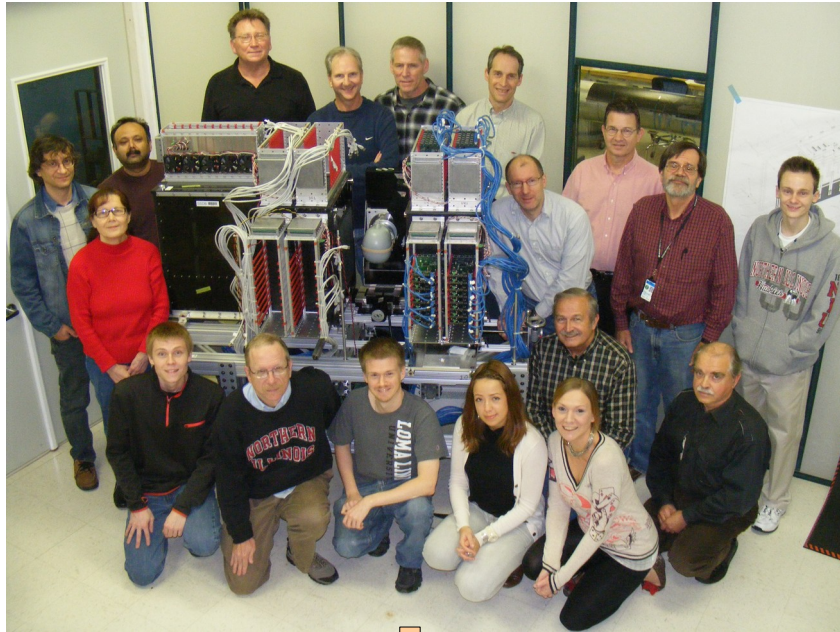
Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

Dell R710 - Work

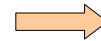
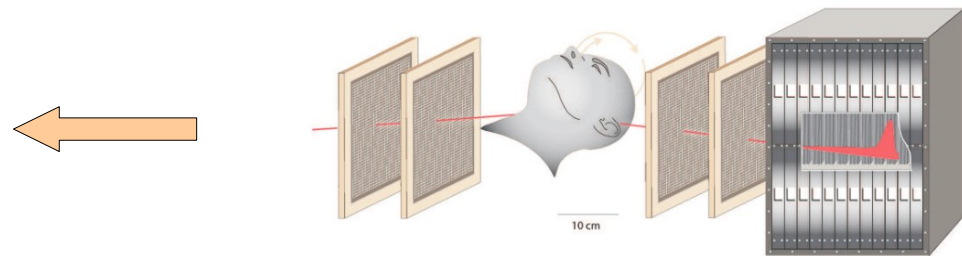


# Proton Computed Tomography (pCT) project



- Gaea built in 2012 as a GPU-based system to process 200 GB “images” in 10 min  
pCT project PIs  
George Coutrakon and Nick Karonis
- Converted into a shared HPC system in 2014

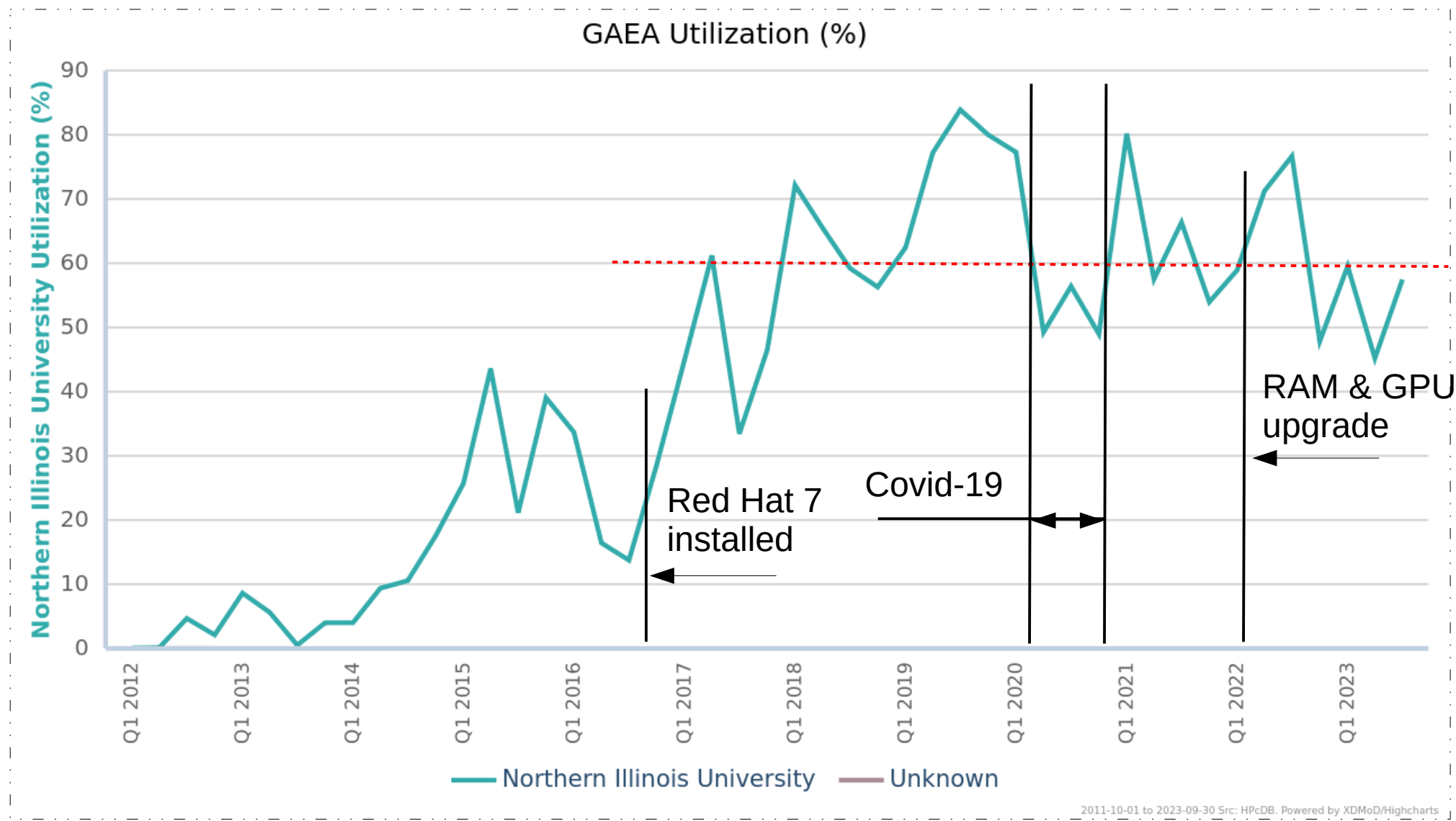
NICADD/NIU, FNAL, Dehli pCT Detector Schematic



GAEA HPC

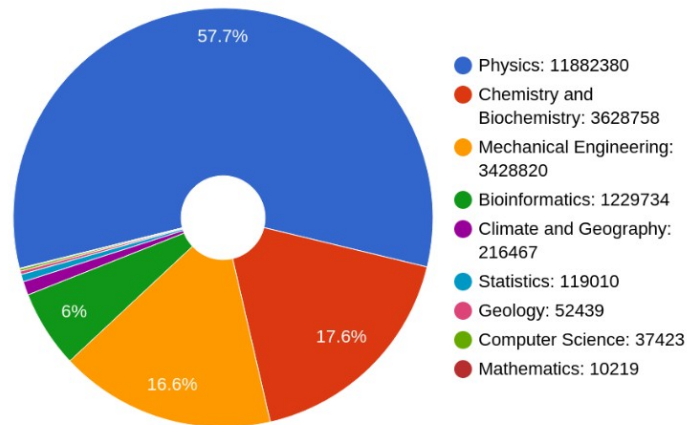


# NIU HPC utilization history



# CRCD statistics (including NICADD), 2018-2021

CRCD Facilities Usage by Research Area  
20607788 CPU-hours from 01-Jul-2018 to 01-May-2021

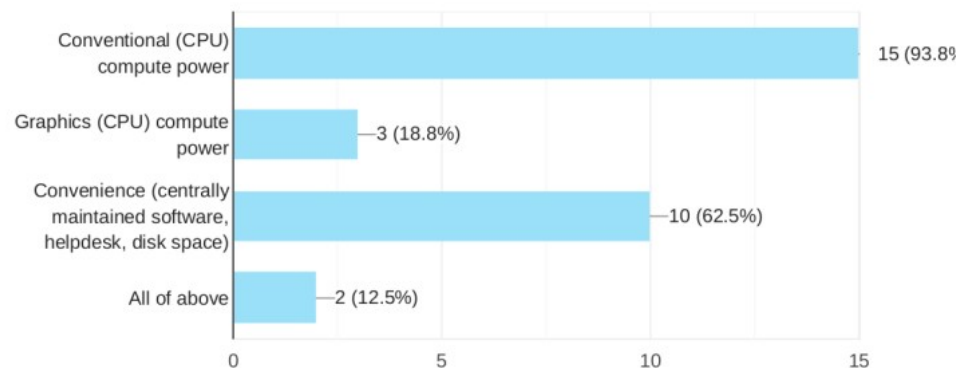


NIU total ( Jul 2018 -Nov 2021)

1. Submitted research proposals: 50 requesting \$20.5M
2. Funded research: 20 totaling \$6.2M
3. Proposals still under review 3 totaling \$3.1M
4. Journal papers: 71
5. Ph.D. thesis: 13 (10 completed/3 in progress)
6. Master thesis: 12 (10 completed/2 in progress)
7. Conference presentations: 38
8. External collaborations: 25

What are the most important factors for using CRCD facilities?

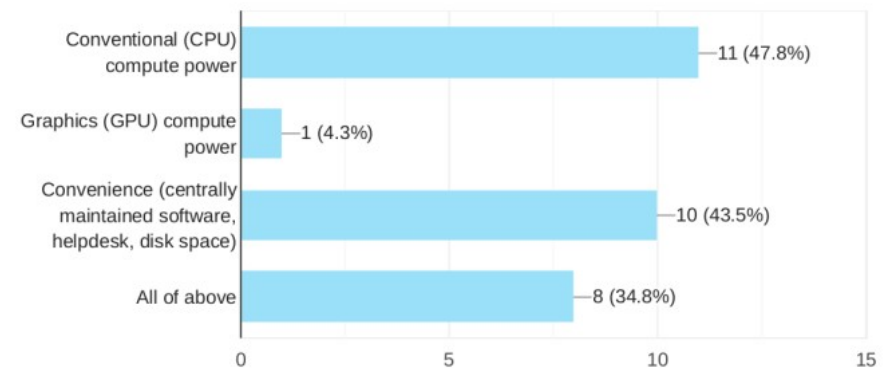
16 responses



PIs

What are the most important factors for using CRCD facilities?

23 responses



Users

The success of GAEA in attracting external funds allowed obtain NIU's financing for the Metis system (Gerald Blazey, CRCD team, DoIT)



# NIU HPC Systems specification

## Gaea Cluster

Gaea is a 60-node CPU/GPU hybrid cluster running Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.x operating system. Each compute node is an HP SL380s G7 equipped with:

- 2 x Intel X5650 2.66 GHz 6-core processors
- 144 GB RAM, 4 x 500 GB 2.5" SATA disk drives in RAID10 configuration (i.e., 1 TB each node)
- 2 x NVIDIA TESLA P4 GPU, Pascal™ architecture, 8 GB RAM each card
- All 60 nodes are connected via Full 1:1 non-blocking Infiniband and Ethernet switch connectors.

The cluster also has two storage servers, each an HP Proliant DL380G7 server, and an HP P2000 disk storage array with 192 TB of effective storage space (i.e., after RAID6). The storage array is connected to the storage servers via 6 Gigabit per second SAS connections.

## Metis Cluster

Metis (commissioned in September 2023) is a 32-node CPU/GPU hybrid cluster running Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.x operating system. Each compute node is an HPE DL 385 Gen 10+ V2 server equipped with:

- 2x AMD EPYC 7713 CPUs 2.0 GHz 64-core processors
- 256-1TB GB RAM, 1 x 1TB SSD scratch disk drives
- 1 x NVIDIA A100 GPU, Amper™ architecture, 40 GB RAM each card
- All 32 nodes are connected via 200 Gbps Infiniband network

A Cray ClusterStor E1000 storage server provides the cluster with 1 PB of shared disk space.

## Metis system highlights

- 32 nodes, (128 2.0 GHz cores, **A100 GPU**, **1.2 TB RAM**, **4.4 TB SSDscratch**)/node
- **RHEL 8.x Linux**, PBSpro batch system, **1 PB Lustre scratch disk**, **200 Gbps** network
- Maximum theoretical performance in 64-bit TeraFlops (131 GPUs, 310 GPUs)
- For some applications be treated as a single computer with **4096 CPU cores**

### Metis favorites

- Tasks optimized OpenMPI-OpemMP-GPUs (can use all resources simultaneously)
- Single CPU instances of less than 2GB RAM running simultaneously

# NIU HPC software installations

CRCD supported software at Metis, RHEL 8.x, October 2025

| Module                   | Description                                      | License/cost    | Projects               |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| GCC v4.9.3-12.3.0        | GNU Compiler Collections (c,c++,fortran)         | GPL/free        | all                    |
| intel-oneapi-2023.1.0    | Intel Compiler Collection (c,c++,fortran)        | Intel/free      | all                    |
| boosts-1.83.0            | Portable C++ source libraries                    | GPL/free        | all                    |
| openmpi, v1.8.1-4.1.5    | OpenMPI libraries                                | GPL/free        | all                    |
| Python3,R,Lua,Java       | Script languages                                 | GPL,Oracle/free | all                    |
| CUDA v7.5-12.2           | NVIDIA GPU Libraries                             | NVIDIA/free     | all                    |
| netcdf-4.9.2             | Scientific data format library                   | UNIDATA/free    | marssim, climlab, aard |
| hdf5-1.10.10,phdf5       | High performance data management                 | HDF5/free       | marssim, climlab, aard |
| ROOT,Octave              | Physics Analysis                                 | GPL/free        | physics,pct            |
| PYTHIA,MADGRAPH          | Particle collisions simulations                  | GPL/free        | HEP                    |
| GEANT4 via cvmfs         | Physics Detectors simulations                    | CERN/free       | HEP                    |
| g16-rC02avx2             | Chemical processes modeling                      | Gaussian/\$\$   | wheeler1,tglab         |
| LAMMPS                   | Molecular dynamics simulator                     | GPL/free        | wheeler1               |
| namd-2.12                | Parallel molecular dynamics                      | UIUC/free       | moisture, wheeler1     |
| orca-5.0.4               | Quantum chemistry program                        | Academic/free   | tglab                  |
| qmcpack-3.9.2            | Quantum chemistry Monte-Carlo package            | Academic/free   | wheeler1               |
| qp2-2.1.2                | Quantum chemistry, wave function methods         | Academic/free   | wheeler1               |
| opal-2022.1              | Parallel Accelerator Library                     | GPL/free        | aard,fast              |
| ACE3P-2023               | Electromagnetic, thermal and mechanical modeling | Stanford/free   | aard,fast              |
| WarpX-2023               | Lasers and particle beams propagation            | WarpX/free      | aard,fast              |
| trellis-16.5             | High-quality mesh generation                     | Coreform/\$\$   | aard,fast              |
| richdem-0.0.3,taudem2023 | Hydrologic analysis tools                        | Academic/free   | marssim                |
| cm1r21.0                 | Atmospheric Research                             | MIT/free        | climlab                |
| WRF,MPAS                 | Weather Research and Forecasting Models          | Academic/free   | climlab                |
| OSRM                     | Open Source Routing Machine                      | GPL/free        | marssim                |

Both CPU and GPU based packages supported up to the most recent versions (79 unique packages and 274 accounting for different versions).



# HPC software use

<https://www.niu.edu/crcd/current-users/crnt-users-software.shtml>

## CRCO installations

- Accessible via environment modules  
`module av; module load; module purge`

## Python modules

- pip3 manager  
`pip3 install pkgName`
- conda manager
- conda create -name=p39tst  
python=3.9
- conda activate p39tst
- conda install pkgName

## Personal installations

- Can be build from source under  
`/opt/metis/el8/ucontrib`

## Jupyter notebooks

- Install Jupyter notebook  
`pip3 install jupyter`  
`pip3 install urllib3=1.26.6`
- Launch a notebook at a port xxxxx  
`jupyter notebook --no-browser \`  
`--port=xxxxx -ip=0.0.0.0`
- Connect via instructions at CRCO page

## CVMFS based software libraries

- Pre-mounted for ATLAS (`/opt/atlas`) and CMS (`/opt/osg/cmssoft`) repositories

CRCO installs and supports “tagged” versions  
and provides resources for users applications under development



## Center for Research Computing and Data



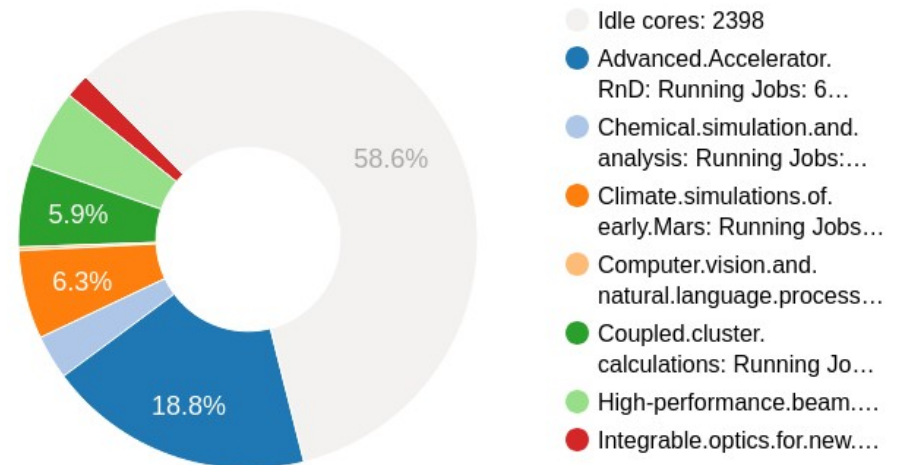
### CRCD web site provides:

- real-time system status
- cluster usage policies
- detailed access instructions for beginners
- hardware and software documentation
- quick-start examples
- job monitoring tools
- contact information
- CRCD helpdesk app

#### Metis Cluster Status, Sep 09 2025, 10:51:16

| Running Jobs | Queued Jobs | Running Nodes | Idle Nodes | Reserved Nodes (R I) | CPU Cores (R I) | GPU Cards (R I) | CPU Usage | GPU Usage | Node Usage |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 37           | 23          | 32            | 0          | 0 (0 0)              | 1698 2398       | 29 3            | 41%       | 90%       | 100%       |

#### Running Projects (CPUs in use,%)

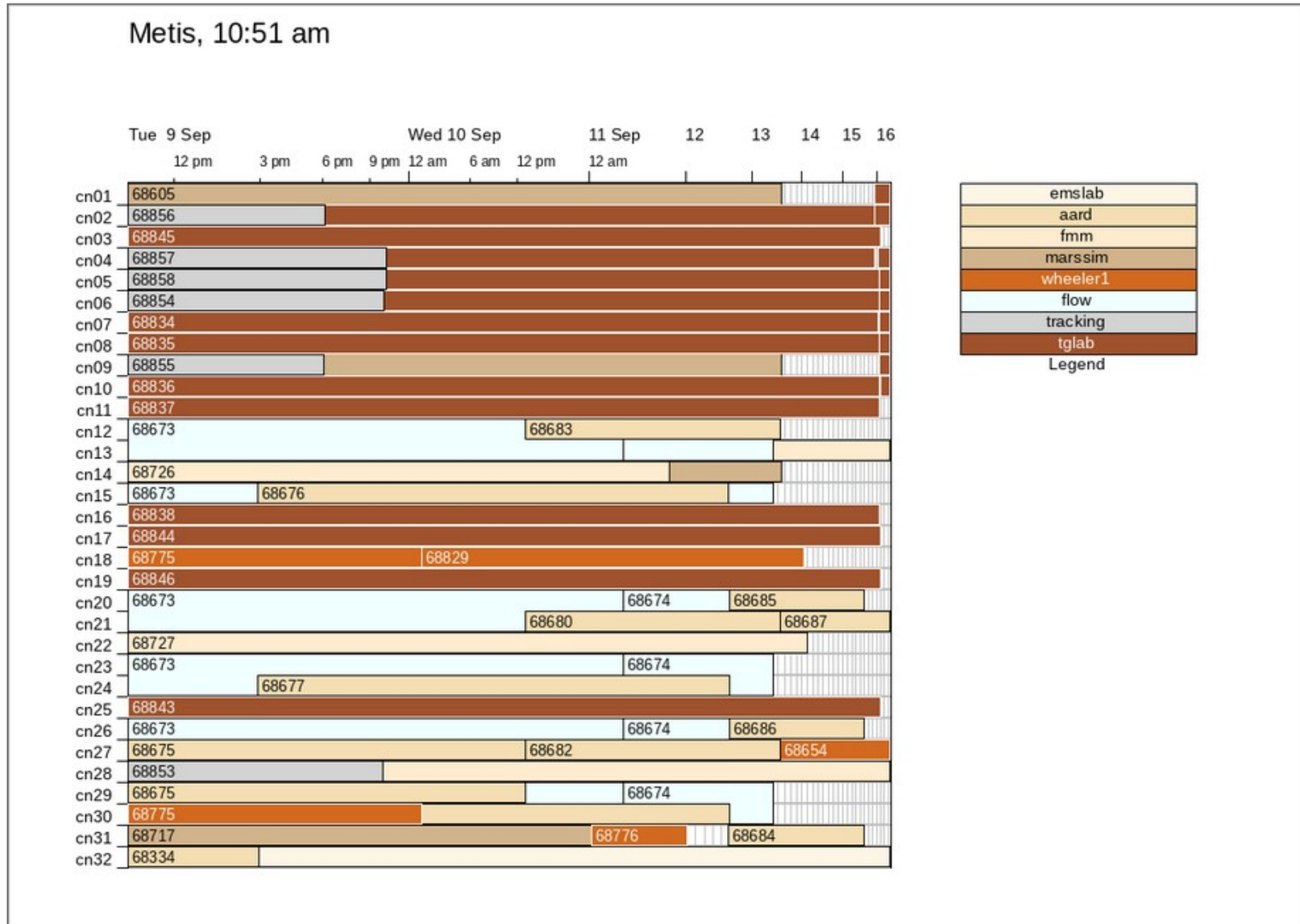


The site accumulates the CRCD experience since its foundation; the first stop for new users.



# Current Operations - crcd.niu.edu

## Batch System Monitor



The system is busy, we must rely on user's cooperation

# Types of computational workflow - virtualization

The screenshot displays the REDCap Control Center interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for 'My Projects', '+ New Project', 'Send-It', and 'Messenger'. On the right, it shows the user is logged in as 'sadmin' with options for 'Profile' and 'Log out'. Below this is a 'Control Center' tab. The left sidebar contains several sections: 'Notifications & Reporting', 'To-Do List', 'Administrator Resources' (including links to community, website, videos, training materials, language library, file creator/updater, API documentation, plugin documentation, and URL shortener), 'Dashboards & Activity' (including system statistics, user activity log, user activity graphs, map of users, top usage report, database activity monitor, database query tool, and recent errors), 'Projects' (browse, edit settings, survey link lookup), and 'Users'. The main content area is titled 'Map of Users' and includes a text explanation: 'This page allows you to view on a map the locations of all your users that have accessed REDCap in a given period of time. (The map excludes survey participants since REDCap does not track the IP address of survey participants.) You may modify the window of time that the map represents by selecting another option in the drop-down list right above the map. **NOTE:** Please be advised that the GPS locations displayed on the map may not be 100% precise but might possibly contain some inaccuracies.' Below the text is a map interface with a dropdown menu set to 'year' and a description: 'Uses IP address of users to determine location, excluding survey participants (representing 23 unique IP addresses)'. The map shows a world map with several blue location pins, primarily concentrated in North America and one in Asia. The map has 'Map' and 'Satellite' tabs, a zoom control, and a Google logo at the bottom left. At the bottom right of the map, it says 'Keyboard shortcuts', 'Map data ©2025', and 'Terms'.

We support Virtual Machines for special applications



# Supported projects



## Course Projects

### Research Projects

- A PI submits a short description of the project(s) and a list of researchers.

CRCD provides accounts and software support

- A PI submits a short description of the project(s) and a list of students. A PI creates and manages course materials and shared folders on the system

CRCD provides accounts and software support and the intro tutorial.

## The new user best practice

- Follow instructions in the “Welcome e-mail”  
read the corresponding documentation pages
- Google for a beginner’s Linux tutorial  
learn how to edit files, setup the environment, write bash scripts
- Make an application run at the login node
- Go over the batch job system tutorial, run the supplied test job, modify it, learn how to use the batch system monitoring tools.
- If running into a problem, submit a detailed help request to the [crcdhelpdesk@niu.edu](mailto:crcdhelpdesk@niu.edu)

# Types of computational workflow



Tasks classification (critical resources are the memory and scratch space at the compute nodes):

- **Sequential jobs**

Each job uses only one CPU or GPU; multiple jobs process separate chunks of data. Can use up to 1256 GB of memory and up to 4.4 TB of scratch space

- **MPI (parallel) jobs**

Each job uses several CPUs or GPU; 1 CPU per MPI process; total memory consumption of a job restricted by the 1256GB

- **OpenMP (parallel) jobs**

Each job uses several CPUs or GPU; total memory consumption of a job restricted by the 1256GB. But each MPI process can use several CPU cores.

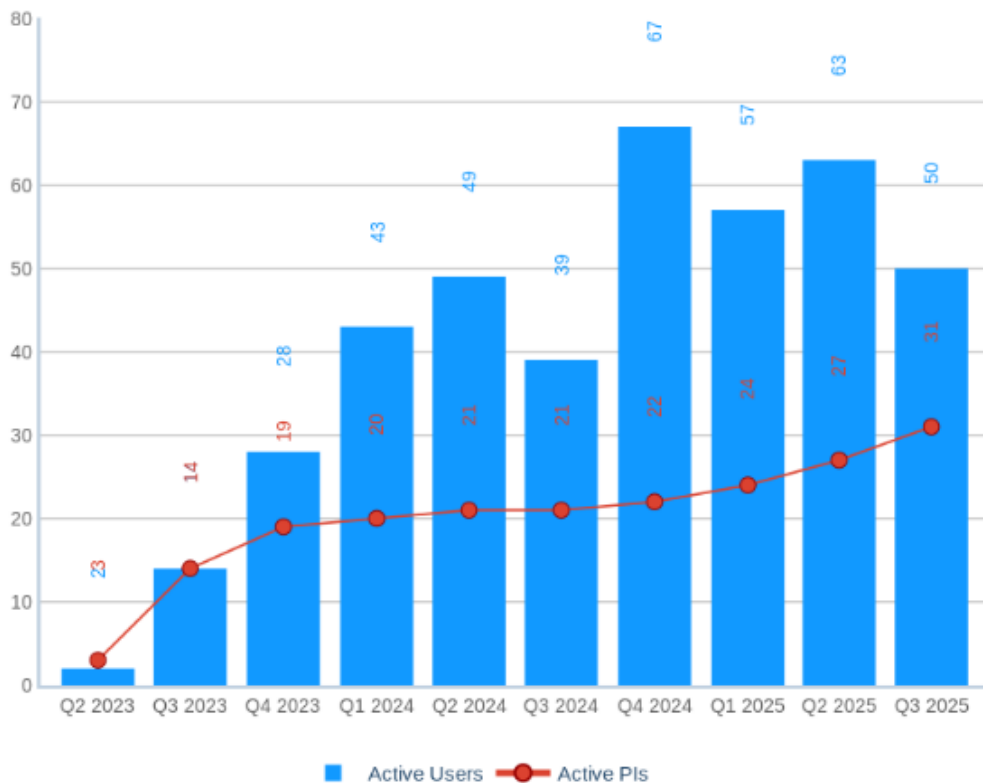
It is tempting to assume a linear run time decrease with an increased number of CPUs or GPUs. But the best practice is to run a scan and find the optimal number of CPUs, GPUs, and nodes for each workflow



# Usage history

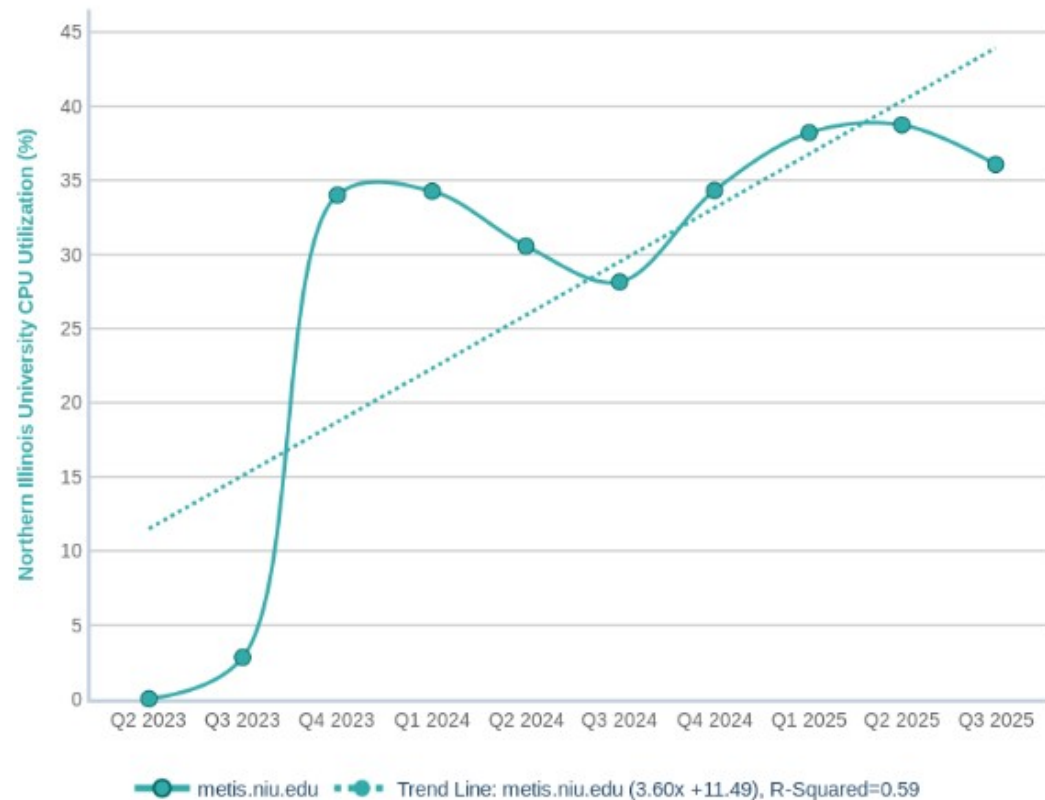
## Metis Active Users and PIs

NIU  
2015-01-01 to 2025-09-30



## Metis Cluster Utilization (%)

NIU  
2015-01-01 to 2025-09-30



**31 active research projects today, 35% mean system utilization**

Years of successful operations of CRCD facilities

**We are welcoming new users**

# A note on a code quality

Nvidia A100 GPU on a Metis worker node, runtime 3.3 sec  
(down from 23 sec for non-optimized code)

```
module load openmpi/openmpi-4.1.5-gcc-12.3.0-cuda-12.2
nvcc -arch=sm_80 -o jacobi_step6 -x cu -lnvToolsExt 6_cudaswap.cpp
nsys profile --stats=true -o jacobi_step6 -f true ./jacobi_step6 > metis_profile.txt
Success!
Run time = 3.304 seconds
```

.....  
.....

NVTX Range Statistics:

| Time (%) | Total Time (ns) | Instances | Avg (ns)      | Med (ns)      | Min (ns)    | Max (ns)    | StdDev (ns) | Style   | Range           |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|
| 86.5     | 2,852,220,373   | 288       | 9,903,543.0   | 9,605,938.5   | 9,561,175   | 26,891,544  | 1,360,082.1 | PushPop | Jacobi step     |
| 10.5     | 345,243,947     | 1         | 345,243,947.0 | 345,243,947.0 | 345,243,947 | 345,243,947 | 0.0         | PushPop | Allocate memory |
| 1.8      | 60,256,911      | 1         | 60,256,911.0  | 60,256,911.0  | 60,256,911  | 60,256,911  | 0.0         | PushPop | Initialize data |
| 1.1      | 36,484,125      | 288       | 126,681.0     | 123,310.5     | 121,106     | 221,464     | 12,729.8    | PushPop | Swap data       |
| 0.0      | 1,375,482       | 1         | 1,375,482.0   | 1,375,482.0   | 1,375,482   | 1,375,482   | 0.0         | PushPop | Free memory     |

#=====

Nvidia P4 GPU on Gaea worker node, runtime 4.2 sec  
(down from 100 sec for non-optimized code)

```
module load openmpi/openmpi-4.0.2-gcc-9.2.0-cuda-11.5
nvcc -arch=sm_80 -o jacobi_step6 -x cu -lnvToolsExt 6_cudaswap.cpp
nsys profile --stats=true -o jacobi_step6 -f true ./jacobi_step6 > gaea_profile.txt
Success!
Run time 4.15 seconds
```

.....  
.....

NVTX Range Statistics:

| Time(%) | Total Time (ns) | Instances | Average (ns)  | Minimum (ns) | Maximum (ns) | StdDev (ns) | Style   | Range           |
|---------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|
| 83.7    | 3,452,441,162   | 288       | 11,987,642.9  | 11,627,775   | 29,261,697   | 1,246,594.0 | PushPop | Jacobi step     |
| 6.1     | 253,039,111     | 1         | 253,039,111.0 | 253,039,111  | 253,039,111  | 0.0         | PushPop | Allocate memory |
| 5.1     | 209,138,746     | 1         | 209,138,746.0 | 209,138,746  | 209,138,746  | 0.0         | PushPop | Initialize data |
| 5.1     | 208,789,359     | 288       | 724,963.1     | 707,671      | 897,991      | 41,133.5    | PushPop | Swap data       |
| 0.1     | 2,221,107       | 1         | 2,221,107.0   | 2,221,107    | 2,221,107    | 0.0         | PushPop | Free memory     |

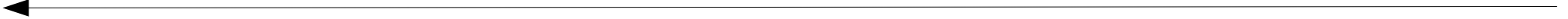
#=====

**Programming skills matter – a small run-time difference for a well optimized code**





# **Backup Slides**



# Top HPC systems

2025, <https://www.top500.org/lists/top500/2025/06/highs/>

| Rank | Site                                                     | System                                                                                                                                  | Cores      | Rmax<br>(TFlop/s) | Rpeak<br>(TFlop/s) | Power<br>(kW) |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 1    | DOE/NNSA/LLNL<br>United States                           | <b>El Capitan</b> - HPE Cray EX255a, AMD 4th Gen EPYC 24C 1.8GHz, AMD Instinct MI300A, Slingshot-11, TOSS HPE                           | 11,039,616 | 1,742.00          | 2,746.38           | 29,581        |
| 2    | DOE/SC/Oak Ridge<br>National Laboratory<br>United States | <b>Frontier</b> - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE Cray OS HPE       | 9,066,176  | 1,353.00          | 2,055.72           | 24,607        |
| 3    | DOE/SC/Argonne<br>National Laboratory<br>United States   | <b>Aurora</b> - HPE Cray EX - Intel Exascale Compute Blade, Xeon CPU Max 9470 52C 2.4GHz, Intel Data Center GPU Max, Slingshot-11 Intel | 9,264,128  | 1,012.00          | 1,980.01           | 38,698        |

# Top HPC systems

2023, <https://www.top500.org/lists/top500/2023/06/>

| Rank | System                                                                                                                                                                         | Cores     | Rmax<br>(PFlop/s) | Rpeak<br>(PFlop/s) | Power<br>(kW) |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| 1    | <b>Frontier</b> - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE<br>DOE/SC/Oak Ridge National Laboratory<br>United States | 8,699,904 | 1,194.00          | 1,679.82           | 22,703        |
| 2    | <b>Supercomputer Fugaku</b> - Supercomputer Fugaku, A64FX 48C 2.2GHz, Tofu interconnect D, Fujitsu<br>RIKEN Center for Computational Science<br>Japan                          | 7,630,848 | 442.01            | 537.21             | 29,899        |
| 3    | <b>LUMI</b> - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE<br>EuroHPC/CSC<br>Finland                                    | 2,220,288 | 309.10            | 428.70             | 6,016         |