Calorimeter Test Beam

- Goals
 - 1. Test of hardware technologies
 - Feasibilities, properties and performances of various detector technologies; aging, linearity, responses, resolutions, etc
 - Feasibilities of digital hadron calorimetry
 - 2. Data for simulation validation and improvements
 - Data for shower libraries for realistic simulation of jets
 - Magnetic field effect
 - Single particle track-cluster match
- Dates: Starting early 2005 (CALICE ECAL) early 2006
- Proposed rough detector sizes
 - 30 cm x 30 cm x 20 cm for ECAL (\sim 20X₀)
 - 1m x 1m x 1m HCAL 1.3mx1.3mx1m (5~6 λ_0)

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- Initial facility requirements
 - Beam with wide kinematic ranges at an adequate rates
 - Particle types: p, K, π, μ, e
 - Momenta of particles: 1 ~ 150 GeV w/ 1% momentum bite
 - Rate: no more than 100Hz
 - Beam instrumentation
 - 1% beam momentum and position measurements
 - PID, such as Cerenkov counters, and selection
 - Neutral tagging (TOF)
 - Sufficient Mechanical Infrastructure
 - Rotational support table
 - Crane up to 5 tons
 - Floor space ~ 10x10m²
- Length of stay: few years
- Length in beam: 2-4 months each

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Facilities	Particles	p-ranges	Availability	Contact
FNAL MTF	p, K, π, μ, e	5-120 GeV/c	From early 2003	E. Ramberg
SLAC-ESA	γ, e⁺, had	<45GeV e <13GeV had	Available now	
IHEP-Protvino	had, e, µ	<45GeV e 33-45GeV h	From 2004	
BNL-AGSB2	e, p, K, π, μ	<10GeV	Dependent on AGS Status	
JLab			N/A 2007-8 due to upgrade	
CERN			Pretty bad after 2004	
DESY	e⁺, e⁻	1-3(??)GeV	Not clear	
Frascati	Not clear	Up to 50GeV	Available now	
КЕК			N/A 2004-5	
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How do we organize?

- When do we want to do this and for how long?
 - Late 2005 early 2006? Why? For a few years...
- Where do we do this?
 - Based on the necessary particle types, momentum range, availability, Fermilab seems to be the best place to do this.
- Who are the participants?

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Groups Showed Interest in TB

- ECAL
 - Si/W (Oregon, R. Frey)
 - Crystal detector (U. Mallik)
- HCAL
 - Scintillator tile (NIU, D. Chakraborty)
 - RPC (ANL, J. Repond)
 - GEM (UTA, A. White & J. Yu)
- Calorimeter-based luminosity monitoring
 - Cerenkov Compensated Calorimetry (Y. Onel)

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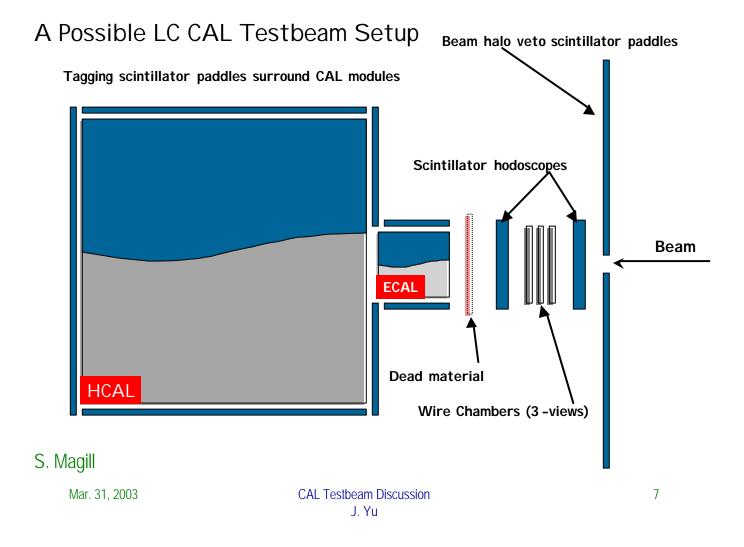
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- Who are the participants?
- What is the setup for testbeam?
- Who builds which part of the setup?
 - Each sensitive gap technology construct their own sensitive gap detectors?
 - What about DAQ?
 - Front-end? Backend? Data recording?
 - How about absorber plates for sampling calorimeters?

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- What is the readout granularity we want?
- How do we organize TB software development?
- In what time table do we work?
- Where do we obtain financial support for coordinated effort? DOE? NSF? Each group figure out by themselves?
- What are the other detector groups' efforts?
 - We need to work together with them to approach facilities as a concerted group effort.

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