

### DØ Performance and Planned Improvements

- Operations
  - Collection of data
  - Detector status
  - Processing: local & remote
- Algorithms
- Upgrades





#### Institutions:

- 84 Total
- 35 US, 49 non-US
- Collaborators
  - ~ 675 Total
  - ~ 50% from non-US institutions
  - $\sim$  100 post-docs
  - ~ 140 graduate students





### A "100E30" Store





#### Daily Data Taking Efficiency

19 April 2002 - 7 September 2005







#### Run II Integrated Luminosity

19 April 2002 - 7 September 2005



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H, F Disks/wedges

#### **793k Channels**

- S/Noise: > 10 all devices
- **Cluster Efficiency:** > 97%
- **No fiducial loss**





#### Studied

- In the booster
- In situ with HV Scans of noise and efficiency
- **Depletion voltages** ۲
  - Evolving as expected
  - For inner layer V<sub>depletion</sub>~V<sub>max</sub>= 150V at 5–7 fb<sup>-1</sup>







# Central Fiber Tracker & Preshowers

- **Eight axial & eight stereo layers VLPC readout at 8K**
- **Performing well** 
  - good light yield
    layer ε > 98%
- After November 2003 shutdown  $\sim$  1% of VLPC channels not functional
  - was 0.1% before November
  - a one-time event
  - water contamination in cryostat?
- Last shutdown warmed up 1 (of 2) cryostats

  - pumped out 0.5l H<sub>2</sub>0
     Upon cool down same loss rate BUT different channels
- Does not seriously degrade performance, but requires vigilance.







# \*



- Coming out of FY04 shutdown, while attempting to ramp to full current, the solenoid quenched.
- Clues :
  - An additional ~8W heat load was seen on the cooling system during operation
  - The south end of support cylinder shows an elevated temperature when powered
  - An excess in resistance is seen in the inner coil layer
  - Careful detailed review of history of temperature rise of south coil support when powered indicates that the degradation is strongly correlated with coil thermal cycles above 90K
- Diagnoses: Suspect degradation of inner layer conductor joint at south end of solenoid coil.
- Prescription:
  - Minimize future thermal disturbances
  - Limit power cycles
  - Upgraded cryogenics plant to provide additional operating margin
- Carefully monitored coil resistance and support temperature since beginning of FY05 run & show no further signs of degradation.
- Have run stably at 4550A (rather than 4750A)





### Calorimeter



## • Liquid argon calorimeter with uranium absorber

- Operating Smoothly
- 99.9% of 55,000 channels operational
- Aggressive program to reduce noise was productive, certain types of noise down 4 orders of magnitude.
- Completed an in situ cellby-cell calibration of EM and Had calorimeters
- Z pole resolution improves from 3.35 GeV to 2.93 GeV



layer 3 Calibration Constants





## **Muon Systems**



- Central
  - PDTs: 98.6% of 8k tubes active
  - Scintillator: 99.8% of 630 counters active
- Forward
  - Scintillator:
    - 99.9% of 4608 counters active
    - Expect around 10% degredation (mainly in phototube) at 15 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  - MDTs:
    - 99.7% of 50k wires active
    - one plane disabled due to broken wire.
- Stable to 1%
- Highly Efficient







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- Alignment: B=0 Field, verified w/ cosmics
  - CFT: fibers positioned to ~10um
  - SMT: single element alignment ~3um in transverse plane
  - SMT-CFT relative alignment: <10um</p>
  - Stable: <5um motion over time</p>
- High p<sub>T</sub> Electrons:
  - Efficiency: ~87% for |η|<2
  - Fakes: 1-2%
- High p<sub>T</sub> Muons
  - Efficiency: 98% central, 95% overall
  - Fakes: <1%</p>



## **Processing: Onsite & Remote**

SAM

GRID

**INFORMATION** &

SYSTEM

- Basic Strategy
  - 1. Initial reconstruction pass at Fermilab
  - 2. Reprocessing & simulation the map to monitor the execution about the submission sites offsite.
- Reconstruction Farm
  - 15-20M event/week capacity
  - Events processed within a day or two of collection.
- Simulation
  - Upgraded to include realistic material & Luminosity profiles.
  - 76 M events produced since August, 2004
  - Capable of ~3M events per week



MONITORING

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- New reconstruction version much improved
  - Faster
  - Grid Friendly
  - Calorimeter calibrated in situ at the cell level
- Reprocessing first 470pb<sup>-1</sup>
  - 2004 "Pilot": reprocessed 140pb<sup>-1</sup> remotely w/ GRID
  - Uses SamGrid (SAM+JIM), >10 offsite farms
  - Started Friday March 25, 2005
    - 795M of 986M complete
    - 671M remote
  - Should be complete by October, 2005





## **Improving Electron Acceptance**

- For searches, extending electron acceptance beyond central region.
- Backgrounds ~1% in CC expected to be similar in EC.
- Working to achieve 0.6 E -2 3 -1 lower trigger thresholds Detector pseudo-rapidity with calorimeter trigger upgrade and understand track matching in the forward regions.







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## $\tau$ ID and Improvements



- Used to measure published σ\*B(Z→ ττ)
- Increasing sensitivity of searches
- Continuing to improve sensitivity





# Jet Energy Calibration and Improvements



- Negligible statistical uncertainties
- Factor of two improvement in systematic uncertainties in jet response related to photon purity and background estimation
- With completion of MC study out-of-cone energy loss uncertainty reduced from 2% to 0.5%
- Further improvements not shown here:
  - Jet response bias measurement at low E
  - Jet response extrapolation using Monte Carlo at high E
- Some Beneficiaries
  - Top mass in lepton+jets, cross sections
  - Single top
  - Any Search w/ jets
  - Inclusive jets...



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# Jet Resolution & Improvements

- TrackCal Jet, an "add-on"
- Improve calorimeter jet resolution using tracks for hadron response.
- Track momentum measurements set an accurate scale for hadron response.
- Takes into account the non-linear response of individual particles in jets.





\* 10% improvement in jet resolution.
\* 20% improvement in MC Z resolution







- Based on NN
- Seven inputs from
  - Secondary vertex tagger
  - Jet impact parameter tagger
- Significant
- improvement
  - 25% at fixed fake
  - X3 less fakes at fixed efficiency





## Simulation and Improvements

- Improving description of material
  - Calorimeter, Cryostat, Solenoid
  - SMT volume, verified with photon conversions







## 0.15

- occupancy, noise ...
- **MC** event
- profile:



Weighted Instantaneous Luminosity per Lumi block



data Moriond04 p14



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## **Simulation and Improvements**

- Simulation of dead channels in SMT & CFT
- Overlay of zerobias events on top of MC hard scatter
  - simulate detector
  - one zerobias event per
  - Taken randomly from Run II luminosity



### **Publications**

(http://www-d0.fnal.gov/www\_buffer/pub/Run2\_publications.html)

#### 2004

- 1) Search for Doubly-charged Higgs Boson Pair Production in the Decay to mu+mu+mu-mu- in pbarp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 2) Observation and Properties of the X(3872) Decaying to J/psi pi+pi- in pbarp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV

2005

- 1) Search for Supersymmetry with Gauge-Mediated Breaking in Diphoton Events at DZero
- *3) Measurement of Dijet Azimuthal Decorrelations at Central Rapidities in pbarp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV*
- 4) Measurement of the B\_s^0 Lifetime in the Exclusive Decay Channel B\_s^0->J/psi phi
- 5) A Search for the Flavor-Changing Neutral Current Decay B\_s^0->mu+ mu- in pbarp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 6) Measurement of the Ratio of B+ and B0 Meson Lifetimes
- 7) Measurement of the Lambda-B Lifetime in the Decay Lambda-B -> J/psi Lambda With the D0 Detector
- 8) A Search for Wbb and WH Production in pbarp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 9) Measurement of the WW Production Cross Section in pbarp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 10) A Measurement of the Ratio of Inclusive Cross Sections pbarp->Zb/pbarp->Zj at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 11) A search for anomalous heavy-flavor quark production in association with W bosons
- 12) First measurement of sigma(ppbar->Z)xBr(Z->tau tau) at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 13) Search for first-generation scalar leptoquarks in ppbar collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 14) Study of Zgamma events and limits on anomalous ZZgamma and Zgammagamma couplings in pbarp collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 15) Measurement of inclusive differential cross sections for Upsilon(1S) production in ppbar collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 16) Measurement of the p-barp -> Wgamma +X Cross section and Limits on Anomalous WWgamma Couplings at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV
- 17) Search for Randall-Sundrum Gravitons in Dilepton and Diphoton Final States
- 18) Search for right-handed W bosons in top quark decay







- Production of WZ Events in p-barp Collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV and Limits on Anomalous WWZ 20) Couplings
- Search for neutral supersymmetric Higgs bosons in multijet events at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV 21)
- Search for supersymmetry via associated production of charginos and neutralinos in final states with 22) three leptons
- Search for single top quark production in pbarp collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV 23)
- 24) Measurement of the lifetime difference in the Bs system
- 25) Measurement of semileptonic branching fractions of B mesons to narrow D\*\* states
- 26) Search for large extra spatial dimensions in dimuon production at DZero
- 27) Measurement of the ttbar cross section in pbarp collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV using kinematic characteristics of lepton plus jets events
- 28) Measurement of the ttbar cross section in pbarp collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV using lepton plus jets events with lifetime b-tagging
- Measurement of the ttbar production cross section in pbarp collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV in dilepton 29) final states
- 30) Search for the Higgs Boson in H->WW(\*) Decays in ppbar Collisions at sart(S)=1.96 TeV
- 31) The Upgraded D0 Detector

### Thirty(+1) Run II Papers

### Luminosity: ~0.3-0.4fb<sup>-1</sup> as much as 0.6fb<sup>-1</sup> Group: B-8/EW&QCD-6/NewP-6/Higgs-5/Top-5 **Twenty-six in Draft or Review Conference Results: 61 Approved**



# Preparation for "200E30+" Stores

- Layer Zero detector - an inner layer of silicon
  - Mitigate tracking losses due to radiation damage and detector aging
  - Provide more robust tracking and pattern recognition for higher luminosities
  - Improve impact parameter resolution

## Trigger/DAQ Upgrades

- Complete upgrade program to keep trigger rates down as luminosity increases
- L1 upgrades (Calorimeter, Central Track Trigger, Cal Trk-Match)
- L2 upgrades (Silicon Track Trigger, L2  $\beta$  processors)
- DAQ/Online (Upgrade L3 processing power, database & host servers, control systems)



B

400 0

**Rates projected to 200e30** using data:

– Pre-upgrade: 2800 Hz

– Upgraded: 1400 Hz

Efficiency equal or better

**Implemented** @ shutdown



- **Current Trigger good to** ~120E30
- Upgrade Trigger Task Force
- **Estimate** 
  - **Includes only L1cal** upgrades
  - Further improvements anticipated from L1CTT and L1caltrack







## **Run IIb Upgrade Current Status**

- Layer Zero
  - Completed. All channels read out
  - Technical Readiness Review (TRR) scheduled for Sept. 16
  - Cooling and clearance tests remain
  - Installation mockups successful, fine tuning procedures
  - Software ready.
- Trigger/DAQ Upgrades
  - L1 all hardware in hand and bench tested
    - L1CTT system tests have been completed and TRR held.
    - L1Cal system tests well advanced and TRR held.
    - L1 Cal-Trk Match has made a full integration vertical slice.
  - L2 upgrades hardware in hand
    - β processors tested at DZero and UVa
    - STT TRR towards end of September.
  - DAQ/online essentially complete



춖



- The upgrades are ready to install
  - In two cases, the collaboration has had the chance to hold full reviews
  - The rest of the subprojects will also be reviewed but no showstoppers
- The RunIIb project phenomenally successful! A technically challenging project finishing within a couple of months of the original forecast two years ago.
- Especially in the last few months many people have been working extremely hard to bring the projects to installation readiness.
- DZero ready to install upgrades Oct 31<sup>st</sup>:
  - Improves quality/efficiency of DZero data and collection
  - Allows experts to move on to physics commissioning and analysis



## Looking forward - other initiatives

#### • New electronics for central fiber tracker (AFE II)

- Helps tracking efficiency in high luminosity/occupancy environment.
- Approved early '05.
- Different timescale completion late 2006
- Have submitted a proposal to improve Bs mixing reach.
  - Measurement is statistically limited.
  - L3 bandwidth
  - 50 Hz store average limited by computing budget
  - Have submitted a proposal to DOE for additional offsite reconstruction CPU
    - Located at IndianaU and UofOklahoma
    - 50% match by the institutions



# **Experimental and Analysis Plan**

- Each December upper management proposes a set of major goals for the experiment. The CY05 goals focused on
  - Completion of the upgrades
  - Preparation of the full Run IIa data set for CY06 presentation and publication
  - Increased automation/efficiency for long term data preparation and analysis
- Highlights of late CY05 goals:
  - July:
    - Reprocessing well underway.
    - Implementation of <u>Common Analysis Format</u>
  - August/September:
    - Complete upgrade elements.
  - October:
    - Preliminary version new jet calibration.
  - November:
    - Processing and Reprocessing of entire 1fb<sup>-1</sup> data set complete with improved calibration/tracking
    - Automated certification of all object definitions.

Key to future efficiencies







- The DØ detector is working well at ~90% efficiency
- World-wide processing keeping pace
- Algorithms and simulation reaching maturity and improved sensitivity.
- Publishing at a healthy rate (up to 600 pb<sup>-1</sup>)
- Preparing for the future.
  - Operational Efficiency
  - Upgrades
- The collaboration is enthusiastic about the nearly 1.0 fb<sup>-1</sup> data to tape and the prospects more.

On the operational side both experiments are ready and preparing for the full run – we have the means – next you'll hear we have the will.





# **Contract Set and Prospects for B**<sub>s</sub> Mixing

- New Layer-Zero silicon improves decay length resolution 30%
- Bandwidth increase will increase statistics threefold
- Improved triggering with STT and invariant mass at L3
- Add hadronic Bs decays
  - Trigger on flavor-tagging
  - Excellent proper time resolution since full reconstructed
- Analysis Techniques
  - Add more decay channels  $D_s \rightarrow K_s^0 K$ ,  $K^*K^*$ ,  $3\pi$
  - Improve boost estimate (semileptonic modes)
  - Improve opposite-side flavor tag (now  $\varepsilon D^2 \sim 2\% \rightarrow 2.5\%$ )
  - Add same-side flavor tag ( $\epsilon D^2 \sim 1.5-2\%$ ) by summer
  - Un-binned likelihood fit: event-by-event resolution and purity

